ELVANOL™ T-Series for Textile Sizing
ELVANOL™ T-Series of polyvinyl alcohol are unique copolymers developed especially for use as warp sizes for polyester/cotton blends and other spun yarns. Alone or in combination with starch and additives, ELVANOL™ T-Series are being used successfully on practically every type of spun yarn now on the market, including acetate, acrylic, cotton, rayon, wool, nylon, and polyester spuns and such blends as polyester/cotton, polyester/wool, polyester/rayon, Nomex® polyamide, and glass fibers.

### ADVANTAGES OF ELVANOL™ T-SERIES

- Low Add-On
- High Weaving Efficiency
- Low Weave-Room Humidity
- Excellent Size Bath Stability
- Ease of Desizing
- Environmentally Friendly
- Economically Recoverable and Reusable
- Favorable Cost / Performance

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- Effects of Concentration of Viscosity of Elvanol at 71°C

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- Sized Yarn Properties

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- Safe Handling

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### ADVANTAGES OF ELVANOL™ T-SERIES ––––––––

Size bath formulas based on ELVANOL™ T-Series are simple and easy to prepare, and run without difficulty on the slasher. Important performance advantages of the ELVANOL™ T-Series as a warp size include the following:

#### LOW ADD-ON

The high film strength, abrasion resistance, and excellent adhesion of ELVANOL™ T-Series permit their use at about one-third to one half of the add-on required with starch formulas. Since lower add-on and higher adhesion results in less shedding on the loom, less frequent cleaning of drop wires, heddles, and reeds is required. Reduced add-on also permits greater warp yardage per beam, with consequently fewer doffs at the slasher and fewer tie-ins at the looms. This in turn means increased production at lower labor costs. “Tight” constructions are easier to weave at low size add-on, as there is more air space in the reed. Finally, the lower weight of size present reduces freight costs on shipments of greige cloth to finishing mills.

#### HIGH WEAVING EFFICIENCY

Yarns sized with ELVANOL™ T-Series show excellent weaving performance with few loom stops. Good hairiness reduction results in low warp-related filling stops on air jet looms.

#### LOW WEAVE ROOM HUMIDITY

Weaving efficiency remains high over a wide range of humidities as ELVANOL™ T-Series remain flexible at low humidity, and is not softened at higher humidities. High humidity is not required for good weaving performance. Consequently, a more comfortable working atmosphere can be maintained without sacrificing efficiency. Lower humidity also prolongs the life of loom parts that are subject to corrosion in moist atmospheres.

#### EXCELLENT SIZE BATH STABILITY

Solutions of ELVANOL™ T-Series have low Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD) compared to many other sizes. Combined with the ability to weave efficiently with low add-on, this results in a low BOD and COD (Chemical Oxygen Demand) in the desize stream to a finishing mill’s waste water treatment plant or Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW). ELVANOL™ copolymers are degradable in properly designed and operated activated sludge waste water treatment systems. When a size recovery system is installed at the desize stage, virtually all ELVANOL™ is eliminated from the waste water.

#### ECONOMICALLY RECOVERABLE AND REUSABLE

The unique molecular structure of the ELVANOL™ T-Series copolymers is extremely chemically stable, and is not hydrolized or otherwise chemically altered in the heat and stresses of a size recovery system. The T-Series are easily recovered and reused in any type of commercially available ultrafiltration system. Reuse is straightforward, as there is no viscosity change during desizing, ultrafiltration, or storage. Higher concentrations can be achieved, reducing transportation costs and providing maximum flexibility in reuse of the reclaimed solutions.

#### FAVORABLE COST/PERFORMANCE

The foregoing advantages make the overall cost performance of warp sizes based of ELVANOL™ attractive, particularly for polyester blend yarns where starch based sizes do not perform well at the low add-on required to achieve fabric quality.

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### ENVIRONMENTALLY FRIENDLY

ELVANOL™ T-Series dissolve readily in hot water, without the need for costly enzymes. They are easily removed, even from heat-set polyester/cotton fabrics. Film dissolution studies show ELVANOL™ Grade T-66 to exhibit better dissolving characteristics than medium or high viscosity partially hydrolyzed grades at 140-160°F (60-71°C), particularly in the presence of mild caustic (often added in cloth preparation).
ELVANOL™ T-Series are unique copolymer polyvinyl alcohols designed specifically for use as a warp size for spun yarns. Supplied as white, granular solids, they slurry easily in cold water without lumping and dissolve readily on heating.

**SHIPPING & STORAGE**

ELVANOL™ polyvinyl alcohol is packaged in 25 kg net multiwall paper bags. Bag shipments are available on request in 1000 kg unitized loads on nonreturnable pallets. In addition, Supersack shipments of 500 kg on nonreturnable pallets are also available. The bulk density of ELVANOL™ is somewhat lower than that of starch (7.05 kg/m³ for ELVANOL™ vs about 400 – 432 kg/m³ for starch). Bulk storage and handling facilities designed for starch can generally be used with little or no modification for handling ELVANOL™.

ELVANOL™ as supplied can be stored indefinitely without lumping or deteriorating. Since solutions of ELVANOL™ T-Series do not gel, they can be stored over weekends and shutdown periods without impairing their usefulness. Solutions of ELVANOL™ are stable, noncorrosive, and nontoxic.

**SIZE BATH FORMULAS**

ELVANOL™ T-Series of polyvinyl alcohol can be used alone or in combination with starches and additives, depending on the yarn and weave and on individual mill preference. Its applications range from a 100% PVA single component size for polyester, to 50-75% PVA/starch blends for polyester/cotton blends, to 50% PVA/starch blends for cotton to use as a binder in 10-15% PVA/starch blends for denim and towel pile formulations. As a single-component size, polyvinyl alcohol is effective at low add-on for use with the entire spectrum of spun yarns being woven today, including natural, synthetic, and blend yarns such as polyester/cotton spun blends. The low add-on at which ELVANOL™ can be applied as a single component size is particularly advantageous for tight fabric constructions that are difficult to weave. In combinations with starch, ELVANOL™ improves the strength of the size film and provides the required adhesion to synthetic yarns.

Table I suggests concentration ranges for initial trial in applying ELVANOL™ alone to typical spun yarns. Wet size pickup will generally be in the range from 100-130% for polyester/cotton blends, but will vary from mill to mill depending on equipment and operating conditions used, e.g., squeeze roll pressure, squeeze roll hardness, and slashing speed.

Because of the wide variation in fiber combinations, yarn count and twist, fabric construction, and slasher conditions, the formulas in Table I are useful only as a general guide. Your specific yarn may require different formulas. For kettle formulas suitable for your specific yarn and fabric constructions and mill conditions, consult your Kuraray ELVANOL™ representative or write the nearest office listed on the back cover.

**TABLE 1**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>YARN</th>
<th>SIZE SOLUTION SOLIDS (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>polyester/cotton fine count</td>
<td>8-10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium count</td>
<td>6-8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>polyester/rayon Medium count</td>
<td>6-8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>polyester/wool</td>
<td>6-8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cotton fine count</td>
<td>8-10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium count</td>
<td>6-9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscose/rayon</td>
<td>3-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acrylic Medium count</td>
<td>8-11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nomex® nylon</td>
<td>9-11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tenacel®</td>
<td>7-9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The addition of 5-8% (on weight of ELVANOL™) of a low melting point, emulsifiable wax is generally recommended.
Established slasher practices can be followed in applying sizes based on ELVANOL™ T-Series.

**SIZE BOX TEMPERATURE**

Temperatures of 66-79°C give best results with size formulations based on ELVANOL™ alone. This range is high enough to give satisfactory penetration. At the same time, it is low enough to prevent skinning or film formation on the bath surface during “creep” speed operation of the slasher. Spun-yarn sizing formulations containing combinations of ELVANOL™ T-Series with modified starches have higher solids contents and higher viscosities. As with other starch formulas, size box temperatures around 80-94°C are necessary to maintain workable viscosities and obtain satisfactory penetration.

**SQUEEZE ROLL PRESSURE**

Normal squeeze roll pressures are usually satisfactory. The amount of size pickup can be varied by changing the squeeze roll pressure.

**DRYING CANS**

For spun yarns, the first drying can should be operated at 104°C or perhaps higher to prevent can sticking and film formation. Yarn temperatures above 138°C should be avoided. In general, the drying can temperatures should be set at the minimum required to dry the yarns to the final moisture content desired for the particular yarn being sized. Automatic moisture-control instruments work very satisfactorily with warps sized with ELVANOL™ polyvinyl alcohol. If a double size box is used, it is desirable to dry the sheds separately over at least three or four drying cans. This dries the yarn sufficiently to prevent cementing together when the sheds are joined. Adequate preliminary drying of each shed ensures an easy separation (or break of the yarns at the bust bar and lease rods). It is recommended that the dry cans be coated with Teflon® TFE fluorocarbon resin to prevent can sticking.

**STRETCH**

Stretch should be controlled for the yarn being sized. Most cotton and polyester/cotton blends will be 0.8-2.0% total stretch. Other yarn types will vary. An even tension should be maintained from section beam to section beam.

**WARP DENSITY**

Proper spacing between individual warp yarns in the size box is important for optimum pickup of size. Adjacent ends should be separated by a space approximately equal to the yarn diameter.

On the dry cans, a minimum of 75% open space is recommended for Air-Jet weaving. It is preferable to use a multiple size box or wet split if available to permit maximum separation (Refer to Fig. 2).
WEAVING SIZED YARNS

Warps sized with ELVANOL™ T-Series of polyvinyl alcohol show excellent weaving performance and are especially advantageous for “tight”, difficult-to-weave constructions. Normal loom settings and regular weave room procedures can be followed.

WEAVE ROOM HUMIDITY

Warps sized with ELVANOL™ do not require the high weave room humidities necessary for handling starch sized yarns. Humidity may be reduced to 60-75% R.H. or even lower if desired, to provide more comfortable working conditions and reduce maintenance costs on loom parts that are sensitive to humidity. Since high humidity does not affect the performance of ELVANOL™, customary settings can be maintained during changeover and the humidity reduced after conversion to yarn sized with ELVANOL™.

SLASHER OPERATION

SIZED YARN PROPERTIES

The superior adhesion of ELVANOL™ as compared with starch is apparent from the stereo-scan electron micrographs on the previous page. The adhesion, toughness, and film strength of ELVANOL™ are reflected in improved physical properties of the sized yarn. Table II shows the effect of size on a typical polyester/cotton blend yarn to be woven into a 128 sley broadcloth. ELVANOL™, at half the total add-on required with starch, produces a stronger yarn with 25% greater elongation and lower stiffness (modulus). The improved toughness of the yarn sized with ELVANOL™ is indicative of good flex life, abrasion resistance, and shock absorbency on the loom.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>% OPEN SPACE</th>
<th>NUMBER OF YARN DIAMETERS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>7/8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>56</td>
<td>11/16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>67</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72</td>
<td>21/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>78</td>
<td>31/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
DESIZING

ELVANOL™ T-Series are readily removed in hot water at flow rates that effectively remove starch. No enzymes are required unless starch is also present. Even after polyester/cotton fabric has been heat-set in the greige, ELVANOL™ T-Series of polyvinyl alcohol are readily removed.

WASH CONDITIONS

Cloth sized with ELVANOL™ T-Series is readily desized in standard open-width or rope washers. Water temperature, the number of washes, and the ratio of wash liquor to goods are all important in obtaining complete size removal. The higher the temperature, the more rapidly and completely any polyvinyl alcohol size is removed. Wash box temperatures of 71-100°C are suitable for removing ELVANOL™ T-Series, depending on fabric construction and equipment limitations. The more wash boxes and the higher temperatures used, the more rapidly and completely the size is removed. Generally, a greater number of wash boxes will be required when operating at lower temperatures.

Wetting agents and chemical agents such as soda ash or hydrogen peroxide may be added to the wash liquor if desired to increase the rate of solution of polyvinyl alcohol sizes. Liquors containing 8% or more caustic are not recommended for desizing since the polyvinyl alcohol, although dislodged from the fabric, remains suspended as a gelatinous mass which still requires a hot wash for removal. After a fabric has been desized with water, it can be given a conventional caustic scour before bleaching.

ENZYMES

The enzymes used in removing starch sizes, and also ELVANOL™ polyvinyl alcohol/starch combinations, have no effect on polyvinyl alcohol. They neither facilitate nor interfere with removal.

STEAMING

Steaming the cloth before it enters the washer softens the polyvinyl alcohol size film so that it is more easily penetrated and dissolved by water. The cloth needs to remain in the steamer only long enough to reach equilibrium with the temperature in the chamber. Due to the variety of fabrics and desizing equipment, these conditions are to be considered general in nature. Specific discussions with ELVANOL™ representatives or your finishing chemical supplier are always recommended.

TYPICAL DESIZING EXAMPLES

100% Polyvinyl Alcohol Size

Pad on solution 71-82°C containing:
- Surfactant
- Sodium Hydroxide (NaOH) if desired (up to 5% concentration)
- Sodium Hydroxide (NaOH) if desired (0.25 to 1.0% concentration)
- Hydrogen Peroxide (H₂O₂) if desired
- Hold in steamer or J-Box: 2 to 5 minutes
- Several washers at 160-210°F (the hotter, the better)
- For size recovery systems, no chemicals should be added to the pad.
- Polyvinyl alcohol/Starch blends

Oxidative Desize

Pad on solution (71-82°C) containing:
- Detergent (0.3%)
- Sequestrant (0.1%)
- Sodium Hydroxide (NaOH) (0.7-2.0% concentration)
- Hydrogen Peroxide (H₂O₂) (0.2-0.4% concentration)
- Salt (0.04%)
- Emulsifiers as needed
- Hold in steamer or J-Box: 2 to 5 minutes
- Several washers at 71-100°C (the hotter, the better)

Enzyme Desize

Pad on solution (49-71°C) containing:
- Amylase Enzyme (1-2%)
- Detergent (0.3%)
- Salt (1-2%)
- Dwell time in steamer or J-Box: 2 to 5 minutes; cold 30 minutes (minimum)
- Several washers at 71-100°C (the hotter, the better)

SAFE HANDLING

ELVANOL™ polyvinyl alcohol in solution or granular form can be disposed of by incineration or landfill. Any disposal procedure however, must comply with national and local regulations.

WASTE DISPOSAL

ELVANOL™ polyvinyl alcohol in solution or granular form can be disposed of by incineration or landfill. Any disposal procedure however, must comply with national and local regulations.

Recent work has shown:
- Domestic and textile mill activated sludge microorganisms can acclimate to ELVANOL™ polyvinyl alcohol under conditions attainable in conventional waste treatment systems.
- Greater than 90% removal of ELVANOL™ from textile mill wastest can be achieved in activated sludge waste treatment systems that contain acclimated microorganisms. For more detailed information on the biodegradation of ELVANOL™, contact your Kuraray representative.

DOMESTIC AND TEXTILE MILL ACTIVATED SLUDGE

Recent work has shown:
- Greater than 90% removal of ELVANOL™ from textile mill wastewater can be achieved in activated sludge waste treatment systems that contain acclimated microorganisms. For more detailed information on the biodegradation of ELVANOL™, contact your Kuraray representative.

GENERAL

ELVANOL™ polyvinyl alcohol can be safely handled in a properly designed bulk silo.

ELVANOL™ polyvinyl alcohol is a safe material when properly handled. Polyvinyl alcohol is not a primary skin irritant and does not produce skin sensitization. Extensive tests made with ELVANOL™ indicate a very low order of toxicity when administered orally to laboratory animals. When polyvinyl alcohol is injected under the skin or into the lungs, it is not broken down by the tissues but remains as a foreign body. Under certain conditions of use, dust may be formed from ELVANOL™ polyvinyl alcohol.

Kuraray recommends that dust from ELVANOL™ be treated as a nuisance dust.

If excessive concentrations of dust are encountered, a mask or respirator, or goggles shall be worn, complying with Section 1910.134 of the OSHA regulations, should be worn. Goggles should comply with Section 1910.133.
Adding value to your products - worldwide

KURARAY POVAL™, EXCEVAL™, ELVANOL™ and MOWIFLEX™ are the trademarks for polyvinyl alcohols made by Kuraray. Their key characteristics — outstanding film-forming properties and high binding strength — add real value to your products. Our polymers are water-soluble, highly reactive, crosslinkable and foambable. They have high pigment binding capacity, protective colloid characteristics and thickening effects. The physical and chemical properties of KURARAY POVAL™ make it ideal for a wide variety of applications, ranging from adhesives through paper and ceramics to packaging films. Many of our polymers are food contact-approved and thus suitable for food applications. Ecologically KURARAY POVAL™ is advantageous due to its biodegradability and the fact that combustion does not generate residues. It is available in various particle sizes from granules to fine powders.

Kuraray produces its wide range of KURARAY POVAL™ grades in Japan, Singapore, Germany and the USA. Kuraray’s global production and service network make us your partner of choice for innovative high-quality PVOH resins.

KURARAY – Here to Innovate.

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